

Anekant Education Society's

Tuljaram Chaturchand College, Baramati

(Autonomous)

Two Year Degree Program in Political Science (Faculty of Huminites)

CBCS Syllabus

M.A. (Political Science) Part-I Semester -I

For Department of Political Science Tuljaram Chaturchand College, Baramati

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus (2023 Pattern)

(As Per NEP 2020)

To be implemented from Academic Year 2023-2024

Title of the Programme: M.A. (Political Science)

Preamble

AES's Tuljaram Chaturchand College has decided to change the syllabus of various faculties from June, 2023 by taking into consideration the guidelines and provisions given in the National Education Policy (NEP), 2020. The NEP envisions making education more holistic and effective and to lay emphasis on the integration of general (academic) education, vocational education and experiential learning. The NEP introduces holistic and multidisciplinary education that would help to develop intellectual, scientific, social, physical, emotional, ethical and moral capacities of the students. The NEP 2020 envisages flexible curricular structures and learning based outcomes for the development of the students. The credit structure and the courses framework provided in the NEP are nationally accepted and internationally comparable.

The rapid changes in Social science and new approaches in different areas of Political Science and related subjects, Board of Studies in Political Science of Tuljaram Chaturchand College, Baramati - Pune has prepared the syllabus of M. A.-I Political Science Semester - I under the Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) by following the guidelines of NEP 2020, NCRF, NHEQF, Prof. R.D. Kulkarni's Report, GR of Gov. of Maharashtra dated 20th April and 16th May 2023 and Circular of SPPU, Pune dated 31st May 2023.

A master's degree in Political Science will provide students, the knowledge and skills to begin a variety of rewarding careers. The Post-graduate course in Political Science has been designed to train the students in the subject and enable them to use the skills and disciplinary insights to critically examine, assess, and explain the political phenomenon. Woven into a coherent structure, with a wide range of disciplinary, interdisciplinary, and trans-disciplinary modules and themes, the course provides a solid foundation to the students who can take forward their learned skills and knowledge for higher research in the discipline and its associated domains. Like many other knowledge domains, political Science also engages with relevant ethical and normative questions towards building a better society; a free, fair, equitable, enabling, and a just society to live in. The students would also be exposed to research methods and empirical research-driven modules, which would help them getting employment in the system. And above all, it would produce an active, participatory, and responsible citizen strengthening the functioning of the democratic system.

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

- PSO1. Knowledge of Political Systems: Graduates of the M.A. Political Science programme will have a comprehensive understanding of various political systems, including democratic, authoritarian, and hybrid systems. They will be able to analyze and evaluate the structures, institutions, and processes involved in political systems at the local, national, and international levels.
- PSO2. Understanding of Political Ideologies and Theories: Students will gain a deep understanding of different political ideologies, such as liberalism, conservatism, socialism, feminism, and nationalism. They will also be familiar with major political theories and thinkers, enabling them to critically analyze political phenomena and articulate their own positions.
- PSO3. Research and Analytical Skills: Graduates will acquire advanced research and analytical skills necessary for studying political science. They will be able to conduct independent research, gather relevant data, analyze information using appropriate methodologies, and present findings effectively.
- PSO4. Political Analysis and Policy Formulation: Students will develop the ability to analyze political issues, policy challenges, and decision-making processes. They will learn to critically evaluate policy options, assess their implications, and contribute to the formulation of sound political policies at various levels of governance.
- PSO5. <u>Understanding of International Relations</u>: The programme will provide students with a comprehensive understanding of international relations, including theories of international politics, global governance, foreign policy analysis, and international organizations. Graduates will be equipped to analyze and interpret global political dynamics and contribute to diplomatic efforts and international cooperation.
- PSO6. Communication and Presentation Skills: Students will develop effective written and oral communication skills, enabling them to articulate complex political concepts, theories, and arguments. They will be able to present their ideas convincingly, engage in debates, and communicate effectively in diverse political contexts.
- PSO7. <u>Ethical and Value-based Perspective</u>: The programme will foster an understanding of ethical issues and values in political science. Graduates will be able to critically examine the ethical dimensions of political decisions, policies, and actions, and evaluate them in relation to broader societal values and norms.
- **PSO8.** Interdisciplinary Approach: The M.A. Political Science programme will encourage students to adopt an interdisciplinary approach by integrating knowledge from related fields such as history, sociology, economics, and law. This interdisciplinary perspective

will enhance their understanding of political phenomena and enable them to address complex political challenges.

- PSO9. Critical Thinking and Problem-Solving Skills: Graduates will develop strong critical thinking and problem-solving abilities, enabling them to analyze political issues from multiple perspectives, evaluate evidence, and propose innovative solutions to political problems. They will be equipped to think independently, question assumptions, and make informed judgments.
- PSO10. Global Citizenship and Civic Engagement: The programme will foster a sense of global citizenship and encourage graduates to actively engage in civic and political life. Students will develop an awareness of their rights and responsibilities as citizens and understand the importance of political participation, activism, and social justice.

These Programme Specific Outcomes for the M.A. Political Science Degree Programme provide a framework for students to acquire the necessary knowledge, skills, and values to excel in the field of political science and contribute to society as informed and engaged citizens.

Anekant Education Society's Tuljaram Chaturchand College, Baramati

(Autonomous)

Board of Studies (BOS) in Political Science From 2022-23 to 2024-25

Sr. No.	Name	Designation
1.	Dr. Hanumant Phatak	Chairman
2.	Mr. Raju Pande	Member
3.	Dr. Kailash Mante	Member
4.	Dr. Sanjyot Apte	Vice-Chancellor Nominee
5.	Dr. Shuja Shakir	Expert from other University
6.	Dr. Ramkishan Lomte	Expert from other University
7.	Mr. Vinod Sirsat	Industry Expert
8.	Mr. Anandrao Kadam	Meritorious Alumni
9.	Ms. Shinde Pratikshs A.	Student Representative
10.	Mr. Bhanage Ketaki N.	Student Representative
11.	Mr. Sonawane Vaibhav V.	Student Representative
12.	Mr. Waghmare Siddharath T.	Student Representative

Department of Political Science M.A.

Anekant Education Society's

Tuljaram Chaturchand College of Arts, Science and Commerce, Baramati

(Autonomous)

Credit Distribution Structure for (M. A. Political Science) Part-I (2023 Pattern)

Year	ear Level Sem.		Major	Major Research OJ		OJT/	RP	Cum.
			Mandatory	Electives	Methodolo gy(RM)	FP		Cr.
I	6.0	Sem-I	POL-501-MJM: Political Theory (Credit 04) POL-502-MJM: Public Administration (Credit 04) POL-503-MJM: Political Institutions in India (Credit 04) POL-504-MJM: Political Leadership Development (Credit 02)	POL-511-MJE:Modern Political Ideologies (Credit 04)	POL- 521RM: Research Methodology inPolitical Science (Credit 04)			22
		Sem- II	POL-551-MJM:Public policy (Credit 04) POL-552-MJM: Issues in World Politics (Credit 04) POL-553-MJM:Comparative Politics (Credit 04) POL-554-MJM:Active Citizenship (Credit 02)	POL-561-MJE: Political Process in Maharashtra Credit 04)		POL-581- OJT/FP Credit 04		22
	Cum. (Cr.	28	8	4	4		44

1 Credit = 15 Hrs.

Anekant Education Society's

Tuljaram Chaturchand College of Arts, Science and Commerce, Baramati (Autonomous)

Course Structure for (M. A. Political Science) Part-I (2023 Pattern)

Sem	Course	Course	Course Title	Theory/	No. of
	Type	Code		Practical	Credits
	Major (Mandatory)	POL-501- MJM:	Political Theory	Theory	04
	Major (Mandatory)	POL-502- MJM:	Public Administration	Theory	04
	Major (Mandatory)	POL-503- MJM:	Political Institutions in India	Theory	04
I	Major (Mandatory)	POL-504- MJM:	Political Leadership Development	Theory	02
	Major (Elective)	POL-511- MJE	Modern Political Ideologies	Theory	04
	RM	POL- 521RM	Research Methodology in Political Science	Theory	04
			Total Cred	its Semester-I	22
	Major (Mandatory)	POL-551- MJM	Public policy	Theory	04
	Major (Mandatory)	POL-552- MJM	Issues in World Politics	Theory	04
**	Major (Mandatory)	POL-553- MJM	Comparative Politics	Theory	04
II	Major (Mandatory)	POL-554- MJM	Active Citizenship	Theory	02
	Major (Elective)	POL-561- MJE	Political Process in Maharashtra	Theory	04
	OJT	POL-581- OJT/FP	On Job Training/Field Project relevant to the major course	Training/Proj ect	04
	Total Credits Semester-II				
	Cumulative Credits Semester I and II				44

Name of the Programme: M.A. Political Science

Programme Code : PAPOL

Class : M.A.

Semester : I

Course Type : Major Mandatory (Theory)

Course Code : POL-501-MJM

Course Title : Political Theory

No. of Credits : 04 No. of Teaching Hours : 60

Course Objectives:

- 1. Understand the foundational concepts of political theory
- 2. Analyze and interpret key political theories
- 3. Explore the historical development of political thought
- 4. Evaluate different approaches to political analysis
- 5. Apply political theories to real-world contexts
- 6. Develop critical thinking and analytical skills
- 7. Foster effective communication and discussion
- 8. Cultivate ethical and civic awareness
- 9. Promote interdisciplinary learning
- 10. Encourage research and independent thinking

Course Outcomes:

- **CO1.** Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the major political theories, concepts, and ideas discussed throughout the course.
- **CO2.** Analyze and critically evaluate the historical development of political theory, including key thinkers and their contributions.
- **CO3.** Apply different theoretical frameworks to analyze and interpret contemporary political issues and events.
- **CO4.** Identify and explain the fundamental concepts and principles of political theory, such as power, authority, justice, equality, democracy, and citizenship.
- **CO5.** Evaluate and compare different political ideologies and their underlying assumptions, including liberalism, conservatism, socialism, and feminism.

- **CO6.** Engage in informed discussions and debates on political theory, presenting well-reasoned arguments supported by relevant evidence.
- **CO7.** Recognize and evaluate the ethical dimensions of political theory, including questions of rights, responsibilities, and the role of government in promoting the common good.
- **CO7.** Develop strong critical thinking and analytical skills through reading and interpreting primary texts in political theory.
- **CO8.** Synthesize complex ideas and theories from multiple sources and apply them to realworld political contexts.
- **CO10.** Produce well-written and well-structured essays that articulate and defend a clear thesis on political theory topics.

Unit 1: Introduction to Political Theory	Teaching Hours
1.1 Definition and scope of political theory	12
1.2 Significance of Political Theory.	
1.3 Resurgence of Political Theory	
Unit 2: Key Political Concepts and Debates	12
2.1 Power and authority	
2.2 Democracy and its variants	
2.3 Justice and equality	
2.4 Rights and citizenship	
Unit 3: Contemporary Perspectives	12
3.1 Liberal Perspective	
3.2 Marxist Perspective	
3.3 Feminist Perspective	
3.4 Communitarian Perspective	
Unit 4: State and Citizen	12
4.1 Political Obligation	
4.2 Resistance	
4.3 Civil Disobedience	
Unit 5: Applications of Political Theory	12
5.1 Political ideologies: conservatism, liberalism, socialism, and others	
5.2 Political theory and public policy	
5.3 Political theory and globalization	
5.4 Political theory and human rights	

References:

- 1. Bhargava Rajeev and Ashok Acharya (eds.), 2008/2011, *Political Theory/ Rajakiya Siddhanta* (Marathi translation), Delhi, Pearson
- 2. Goodwin Barbara, 2004, Using Political Ideas, Chichester, John Wiley & Sons.
- 4. Hampton Jean, 1998, *Political Philosophy*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 5. Kulkarni Mangesh (ed.), 2011, *Interdisciplinary Perspectives in Political Theory*, New Delhi/Thousand Oaks, Sage
- 6. Kymlicka Will, 2002, Contemporary Political Philosophy, Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- 7. Knowles Dudley, 2001, Political Philosophy, London, Routledge
- 8. Pierson Christopher, 2004, *The Modern State*, London, Routledge.
- 9. Rege M. P., 2005, Swatantrya, Samata ani Nyaya, Mumbai, Shanta Rege.
- 10. Swift Adam, 2001, Political Philosophy, Cambridge, Polity.

Name of the Programme: M.A. Political Science

Programme Code : PAPOL

Class : M.A.

Semester : I

Course Type : Major Mandatory (Theory)

Course Code : POL-502-MJM

Course Title : Public Administration

No. of Credits : 04 No. of Teaching Hours : 60

Course Objectives:

- 1. Understand the Concept of Public Administration
- 2. Analyze the Role of Public Administration in Society
- 3. Examine the Structure and Functions of Public Organizations
- 4. Study Public Policy Formulation and Implementation
- 5. Understand Public Budgeting and Financial Management
- 6. Analyze the Role of Public Administrators
- 7. Investigate Intergovernmental Relations
- 8. Explore Public Personnel Administration
- 9. Address Issues of Public Administration in a Global Context
- 10. Enhance Analytical and Problem-Solving Skills

Course Outcomes:

- **CO1.** Understand the fundamental concepts and theories of public administration.
- **CO2.** Explain the roles and functions of public administrators in various government and non-governmental organizations.
- **CO3.** Analyze the historical development and evolution of public administration as a discipline.
- **CO4.** Evaluate the relationship between public administration and other social sciences, such as political science, economics, and sociology.
- CO5. Identify and discuss the different approaches and models of public administration,

- including traditional, new public management, and governance.
- **CO6.** Apply theoretical knowledge to real-world scenarios and case studies in public administration.
- **CO7.** Demonstrate an understanding of the principles and practices of public policy formulation and implementation.
- **CO8.** Assess the impact of political, social, and economic factors on public administration.
- **CO9.** Evaluate the ethical and legal dimensions of public administration, including issues of accountability, transparency, and corruption.
- **CO10.** Develop effective communication and interpersonal skills necessary for public administrators.

UNIT 1: Public Administration	Teaching Hour
1.1 Nature and Scope1.2 Private-Public Debate	12
UNIT 2: Evolution of Public Administration	12
2.1 Classical, Neo-classical.	
2.1 New Public Administration.	
2.2 Development Administration.	
UNIT 3: Major Approaches to the Study of Public Administration	12
3.1 Bureaucratic Approach	
3.2 Decision-Making,	
3.3 Systems Approach, Public Choice	
UNIT 4: Governance	12
4.1 Good Governance Practices and Reforms	
4.2 Public Sector in the context of Liberalization.	
UNIT 5: Accountability and Control	12
5.1 Administrative and Financial Accountability	
5.2 Civil Society and Public Administration.	

References:

- 1. Bhattacharya Mohit, 2008, New Horizons of Public Administration, New Delhi; Jawahar Publishers, 5th Edition.
- 2. Dhameja Alka (ed.), 2003, Contemporary Debates in Public Administration, New Delhi; Prentice-Hall India
- 3. Goel S.L., 2003, Public Administration: Theory and Practice, New Delhi; Deep and Deep Publishers.
- 4. Maheshwari S.R., 2003, Administrative Theory: An Introduction, New Delhi; MacMillan
- 5. Medury Uma, 2010, Public Administration in the Globalization Era, New Delhi; Orient Blackswan.
- 6. Nicholas Henry, 2004, Public Administration and Public Affairs, New Delhi; Prentice-Hall India, 8th Edition.
- 7. Shafritz Jay M. (ed.), 2007, Defining Public Administration, Jaipur; Rawat Publications Indian Reprint.
- 8. Shafritz Jay M. and Albert C. Hyde (ed.), 1987, Classics of Public Administration, Chicago, Illinois, The Dorsey Pres

Name of the Programme: M.A. Political Science

Programme Code: PAPOL

Class : M.A.

Semester : I

Course Type : Major Mandatory (Theory)

Course Code : POL-503-MJM

Course Title : Political Institutions in India

No. of Credits : 04
No. of Teaching Hours : 60

Course Objectives:

1. Understand the nature and functioning of political institutions in India

- 2. Examine the historical development of political institutions
- 3. Analyze the constitutional framework of India
- 4. Explore the role of political parties and electoral processes
- 5. Study the functioning and challenges of the executive branch
- 6. Examine the structure and functioning of the legislative branch
- 7. Understand the role and independence of the judiciary
- 8. Evaluate the impact of political institutions on governance and public policy
- 9. Develop critical thinking and analytical skills
- 10. Foster an understanding of democratic principles and citizenship

Course Outcomes:

- **CO1.** Analyze the structure and functions of political institutions in India
- CO2. Critically assess the historical evolution of political institutions in India
- CO3. Understand the role of political parties and electoral systems in India
- CO4. Explore the dynamics of coalition politics and its impact on governance
- **CO5.** Evaluate the role of civil society and interest groups in shaping political institutions
- **CO6.** Assess the role of media and technology in Indian political institutions
- **CO7.** Understand the challenges and prospects for political institutions in India
- CO8. Apply critical thinking and research skills to analyze political institutions in India

UNIT 1: I	Nationalist legacies 1.1 Unity and Integrity 1.2 Democracy 1.3 Active state	Teaching	Hours 12
UNIT 2: I	Federal institutions		12
	2.1 'Strong center' framework2.2 Autonomy and devolution2.3 Multilevel federalism		
UNIT 3: I	Executive		12
	3.1 President and prime minister3.2 Principle of collective responsibility and accountability to3.3 Role of governor	the legislatur	re
UNIT 4: I	Legislature		12
	4.1 Composition and powers4.2 Norms of representation4.3 Legislative supremacy		
UNIT 5: J	Judiciary		12
	4.4 Judicial review4.5 Judicial interpretations of FRs and DPSPs and basic structure4.6 Judicial activism	cture doctrine	
Reference	es:		
 Austin Gra Delhi, OU Basu, D.D Chapalgac 	anville, 1972, The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation, I anville, 1999, Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Exp D., 2001, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Nagpur, Wadhonkar Narendra, Rajyaghatanche Ardhashatak, (Marathi), Mumbankar Narendra, Vidhimandale and Nyayasanstha, (Marathi), Mu	<i>xperience</i> , Ne wa ai, Mauj Praka	W

- 6. Jayal Nirja Gopal and Pratap Bahnu Mehta (eds), 2010, *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, New Delhi, OUP
- 7. Kashyap Subhash, 2009, *Concise Encyclopedia of Indian Constitution*, New Delhi, Vision Books
- 8. Kapur Devesh and Pratap Bhanu Mehta(eds), 2005, *Public Institutions in India*, New Delhi, OUP

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Name of the Programme: M.A. Political Science

Programme Code : PAPOL
Class : M.A. I

Semester I

Course Type : Major Mandatory (Theory)

Course Code : POL-504-MJM

Course Title : Political Leadership Development

No. of Credits : 02 No. of Teaching Hours : 32

Course Objectives:

- 1. Develop a comprehensive understanding of political leadership
- 2. Enhance critical thinking and decision-making skills
- 3. Foster ethical and responsible leadership
- 4. Develop effective communication and persuasion skills
- 5. Cultivate strategic thinking and problem-solving abilities
- 6. Understand the dynamics of power and influence
- 7. Foster cross-cultural and inclusive leadership
- 8. Develop resilience and adaptive leadership skills
- 9. Promote civic engagement and public service
- 10. Apply leadership principles to real-world political scenarios

Course Outcomes:

- **CO1.** Understand the theories and concepts of political leadership
- **CO2.** Develop self-awareness and self-assessment skills
- CO3. Enhance communication and interpersonal skills
- **CO4.** Cultivate critical thinking and decision-making abilities
- **CO5.** Foster strategic vision and policy development
- **CO6.** Promote ethical and responsible leadership
- **CO7.** Enhance teamwork and collaboration skills
- **CO8.** Develop leadership presence and resilience
- CO9. Apply leadership skills in real-world political contexts
- CO10. Reflect on personal growth and create a leadership development plan

UNIT 1: Introduction to Political Leadership

Teaching Hours

1.1 Definition and nature of political leadership

10

- 1.2 Theories and models of political leadership
- 1.3 Leadership styles and their implications in politics

UNIT 2: Characteristics and Qualities of Effective Political Leaders

10

- 2.1 Vision and goal setting
- 2.2 Emotional intelligence and self-awareness
- 2.3 Adaptability and resilience
- 2.4 Integrity and ethical decision-making

UNIT 3: Communication and Negotiation Skills in Politics

10

- 3.1 Effective communication strategies
- 3.2 Public speaking and media relations
- 3.3 Conflict resolution and negotiation techniques

References:

- 1. Austin Granville, 1999, The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation, Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Austin Granville, 2003, Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience, Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Basu D.D., 2018, Introduction to the Constitution of India, NewYork, LexisNexis.
- 4. Brass Paul. 1994, The Politics of Indian Since Independence, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press,
- 5. Jha Rajesh, 2012, Fundamentals of Indian Political System. Delhi, Dorling Kindersley

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Name of the Programme: M.A. Political Science

Programme Code : PAPOL

Class : M.A.I

Semester : I

Course Type : Major Elective (Theory)

Course Code : POL-511-MJE

Course Title : Modern Political Ideologies

No. of Credits : 04
No. of Teaching Hours : 60

Course Objectives:

- 1. Understand the concept of political ideologies
- 2. Explore major political ideologies
- 3. Evaluate the impact of political ideologies on governance
- 4. Analyze the relationship between political ideologies and social justice
- 5. Examine the global context of political ideologies
- 6. Compare and contrast political ideologies
- 7. Explore contemporary debates and challenges within political ideologies
- 8. Develop critical thinking skills
- 9. Enhance communication and argumentation skills
- 10. Foster awareness of ethical implications

Course Outcomes:

- **CO1.** Identify and define key concepts and principles associated with modern political ideologies.
- CO2. Analyze the historical development and evolution of different political ideologies.
- **CO3.** Critically evaluate the philosophical foundations and core tenets of various political ideologies.
- **CO4.** Examine the relationship between political ideologies and social, economic, and cultural contexts.
- **CO5.** Compare and contrast different political ideologies, highlighting their similarities and differences.

- **CO6.** Assess the influence of political ideologies on policymaking and governance.
- **CO7.** Analyze the impact of political ideologies on political parties, social movements, and interest groups.
- **CO8.** Critically evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of different political ideologies in addressing contemporary challenges.
- **CO9.** Discuss the role of political ideologies in shaping individual and collective identities.
- CO10. Develop effective communication skills to articulate and debate political ideologies.

UNIT 1: Liberalism 1.1 Meaning and nature 1.2 Types of Liberalism 1.3 Role of Liberalism	Teaching Hours 12
UNIT 2: Socialism 2.1 Meaning and nature 2.2 Types of Socialism 2.3 Characteristic of Socialism	12
UNIT 3: Nationalism 3.1 Meaning and nature 3.2 Types of Nationalism	12
UNIT 4: Fascism 4.1 Meaning and nature. 4.2 Types of Fascism	12
UNIT 5: Feminism 5.1 Meaning and nature 5.2 Types of Feminism 5.3 Size, functional use and architectural style	12

Reference Books:

- 1. Adams Ian, 1993, Political Ideologies Today, Manchester, Manchester University Press.
- 2. Goodin Robert and Philip Petit (eds.), 1993, *A Companion to Contemporary Political Philosophy*, London, Blackwell.
- 3. Graham Gordon, 1986, *Politics in its Place- A Study of Six Ideologies*, Oxford, Clarendon Press.
- 4. Heywood Andrew, 1992, *Political Ideologies*, London, Macmillan.

- 5. Vincent Andrew, 1992, Modern Political Ideologies, London, Blackwell.
- 6. Macridis Roy C, 1985, Contemporary Political Ideologies, Boston, Little Brown and Co.
- 7. Bholay Bhaskar, Rajakiya Siddhanta Ani Vishleshan, (Marathi) Nagpur, Pimplapure.
- 8. Hoffman John and Graham Paul, 2006, *Introduction to Political Theory*, New Delhi, Pearson Education Ltd.

Name of the Programme: M.A. Political Science

Programme Code: PAPOL

Class : M.A.

Semester : I

Course Type : Research Methodology (Theory)

Course Code : POL-521RM

Course Title : Research methodology in Political Science

No. of Credits : 04 No. of Teaching Hours : 60

Course Objectives:

- 1. To provide an introduction to research methods and the research process.
- 2. To learn the principles of research design, data collection, data analysis.
- 3. To provide students with the skills necessary to design and conduct research studies.
- 4. To understand the methods of data collection and data analysis.
- 5. To aware the students with the research ethics and plagiarism.
- 6. To introduce with the new trends and approaches in research methodology.
- 7. To develop the research aptitude among students.

Course Outcomes:

- **CO1.** Understand the research process and different types of research designs
- **CO2.** Identify research problems and formulate research questions
- **CO3.** Choose appropriate research methods and data collection techniques
- **CO4.** Analyze and interpret research data
- **CO5.** Write research reports and communicate research findings effectively
- **CO6.** Understand the new trends and approaches in research methodology.
- **CO7.** Analyze and apply the research aptitude in their research work.

IIN	TI	1:	Introduction	to Social	Research

Teaching Hours

1.1 Definition and purpose of social research

- 12
- **1.2** Types of social research (quantitative, qualitative, mixed-methods)
- **1.3** The research process (problem formulation, research design, data collection, Analysis and reporting)
- **1.4** Ethics in social research

UNIT 2: Research Design

12

- 2.1 Research questions and hypotheses
- 2.2 Literature review
- 2.3 Conceptualization and ope-rationalization
- 2.4 Sampling techniques and sample size determination
- 2.5 Experimental and non-experimental research designs

UNIT 3: Quantitative Research Methods

12

- 3.1 Types of quantitative research (survey research, experimental research, Quasi-Experimental research, etc.)
- 3.2 Data collection techniques (surveys, experiments, secondary data analysis, etc.)
- 3.3 Data analysis techniques (descriptive statistics, inferential statistics, regression analysis, etc.)

UNIT 4: Mixed-Methods Research

12

- 4.1 Definition and purpose of mixed-methods research
- 4.2 Integration of qualitative and quantitative data
- 4.3 Data analysis techniques in mixed-methods research

UNIT 5: Basic Course in Microsoft Excel and Data Management

12

- 5.1 (Microsoft Excel is an easy-to-use tool that can help students learn basic data analysis techniques and build familiarity with spreadsheet-based software).
- 5.2 Introduction to Excel interface and basic spreadsheet functions
- 5.3 Importing data into Excel from external sources
- 5.4 Data management techniques such as sorting, filtering, and formatting.

Reference Books:

- 1. G.L. Ray and S. Mondal, "Research Methods in Social Sciences and Extension Education", Kalyani Publishers (1 January 2014).
- 2. William Goode and Paul Hatt, "Methods in Social Research", Surject Publications (1 January 2019)
- 3. Veena Tucker, "Research Methods in Social Sciences", Pearson Education; First edition (30 July 2019)
- 4. Ramirez Adam, "Excel Formulas and Functions: Step-By-Step Guide with Examples", Caprioru (22 September 2019)
- 5. Lokesh Lalwani, "Excel 2019 All-In-One", BPB Publications; 1st edition (1 January 2019)
- 6. Kabir Das, "Microsoft Excel: Shortcut keys and Formulas", Notion Press; 1st edition 20 December 2021

Examination Pattern / Evaluation Pattern

Teaching and Evaluation (for Major, Minor, AEC, VEC, IKS courses)

Course Credits	No. of Hours per Semester	No. of Hours per Week	Maximum Marks	CE 40 %	ESE 60%
	Theory/Practical	Theory/Practical		40 70	0076
1	15 / 30	1 / 2	25	10	15
2	30 / 60	2 / 4	50	20	30
3	45 / 90	4 / 6	75	30	45
4	60 / 120	4 / 8	100	40	60

Teaching and Evaluation (for VSC, SEC & CC courses)

- Evaluation to be done by Internal & External Experts
- No descriptive end semester written examination
- Evaluation to be done at Department level preferably prior to commencement of Theory /Practical Examinations
- Evaluation to be done on the Skills gained by student