Anekant Education Society's TULIARAM CHATURCHAND COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE, BARAMATI AUTONOMOUS DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

Course Title: Certificate Course in Medical Diagnostics

Course Objectives

- 1. To understand the scope, need of medical diagnosis.
- 2. To understand principle working of different medical laboratory instruments.
- 3. To understand medical diagnosis reports.
- 4. Diagnose routine clinical problems on the basis of histopathology
- 5. Interpret and correlate clinical and laboratory data so that clinical manifestations of diseases can be explained.
- 6. Make and record observations systematically and maintain accurate records of tests and their results for reasonable periods of time.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Students will be able to understand the basics principles of Medical diagnosis.
- 2. Students will be able to understand principle working of different medical laboratory instruments.
- 3. Students will be able to understand medical diagnosis reports.
- 4. Students will be able to understand principles of sample collection for Hematology and Clinical Pathology
- 5. Students will be able to understand biochemical tests: methods of collection, analysis and interpretation of results
- 6. Students will be able to understand sample collection for blood banking

Topics:

| Unit No. | Content | No. of Lectures |
|----------|---|--------------------|
| 1 | Introduction: | |
| | Importance and Scope of medical diagnostics | 1 |
| 2 | Clinical Biochemistry Creatinine clearance test Diabetes (Type I and II): Blood sugar, urine sugar Total Triiodothyronine (T3 hormone), Total thyroxin (T4), and Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH). Lipid profile | 2 |
| 3 | Hematology: Technique of Blood grouping and cross matching, Coomb's test, Blood cell count (RBC, WBC, Differential, Platelet) and abnormal | 4 |

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| | values, PCV / Haematocrit value, Mean Cell / corpuscular Volume (MCV), Mean corpuscular haemoglobin (MCH), Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin Concentration (MCHC), Blood Collection, Selection and Screening of donors, Storage of blood. | |
|------------|---|----|
| 4 | Techniques in Cardiology The cardiac pacemaker: Natural Pacemaker, Cardiac Pace Maker, ECG. | 2 |
| 5 | Study of components, working, principle & operation X-ray machine Ultrasonography machine CT machine MRI machine | 3 |
| Practicals | | |
| 1 | To determine bleeding time(BT), clotting time(CT) of human blood | 3 |
| 2 | To determine the blood groups and Rh factor. | 3 |
| 3 | Enumeration of total White blood cells (WBC) using haemocytometer. | 3 |
| 4 | To perform a differential leucocyte count (DLC). | 3 |
| 5 | To estimate amount of haemoglobin in human blood using haemoglobinometer. | 3 |
| 6 | To estimate the level of glucose in serum sample by enzymatic GOD-POD (Glucose oxidase- peroxidase) method. | 3 |
| | TOTAL: (Theory: 12+ Practicals: 18) | 30 |

Head, Dept. of Zoology

